CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

0460 GEOGRAPHY

0460/43 Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners’ meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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1 (a) (i) C [1]

(ii) Clinometer, ranging poles
If more than two answers – 1 for each incorrect answer 2 @ 1 [2]

(iii) Lay tape measure out along transect line
Put poles at break of slope / at equal or set distances apart / 5 m or more apart
Measure / mark distance between ranging poles
Poles must be vertical
Sight other ranging pole at top / agreed height / line up
Read / measure / record angle – need reference to clinometer
Move poles across / along profile / transect / to next site / repeat measurement along transect [4]

(iv) Description | Type of dune
--- | ---
Oldest dunes which are furthest inland | Grey (dune)
Most recently created dunes | Embryo (dune)
Tallest dunes | Yellow (dune)

(v) Obstacle / plant on / behind the beach
Wind picks up sand / blows sand / carries sand / moves sand
Friction with obstacle/plant slows down wind
Sand is deposited around obstacle / traps sand
This increases size of obstacle so deposition continues and dune grows
Plant roots hold dune together [3]

(b) (i) Put quadrat / grid on ground / alongside tape / put quadrat down
Estimate percentage of quadrat / count number of squares which include vegetation cover
Do more than one measurement and calculate the average
Record results / write down measurements [3]

(ii) Plot 60% cover at 190 m, 75% cover at 210 m 2 @ 1 [2]
(iii) Hypothesis is **correct** / true / generally / mostly / partially correct – 1 mark reserve
     e.g. Percentage of cover increases from 20% at 10 m / site 1 to 95% at
     290 m / site 15 – **need 2 percentages and 2 distances or site numbers**
     Exception / anomaly to the pattern at: 30 and 50, 110 and 130, 150 and 170,
     210 and 230, 290 and 310m (or sites)
     e.g. percentage of cover is 30% at 30 m / site 2 and 25% at 50 m / site 3 –
     **need 2 percentages and 2 distances or site numbers**
     OR: % is **higher** at 30 m or site 2 than at 50 m or site 3 / **lower** at 50 m or
     site 3 than at 30 m or site 2
     Need 1 supporting set of statistics and 1 anomaly set of statistics  [3]

(c) (i) Photograph / take sample / sketch / written description of vegetation
     Look up in book / internet / vegetation chart
     Ask ranger / teacher / expert  2 @ 1  [2]

(ii) May be other different types of vegetation / will not see variety or diversity
     Main type of vegetation may only just be over 50%  [1]

(iii) Credit any two changes from Table 1. Need 2 vegetation types and distance or
     description of position
     Accept distance or site number.
     e.g. Sea couch grass at 10 m / site 1 and lymegrass at 30 m / site 2
     e.g. Sea couch grass and lymegrass occupy area closest to sea and marram grass
     occupies large area behind it
     e.g. 1. Sea couch grass 0–30 m away
          2 Gorse / heather 270 m away from sea = 1 mark
     No Hypothesis mark  2 @ 1  [2]
(d) (i) Tourists walking / trampling / cycling / having a picnic / dropping litter / starting a fire / pulling up plants / driving on dunes
Kill / damage / destroy vegetation / vegetation dies / vegetation cover decreases / ruins vegetation [2]
(ii) Notice boards / visitor centre / signs / notices / leaflets to educate / inform / tell tourists
Marked / signed footpaths / build or make a footpath
Boardwalk across area
Fence off / rope off areas / restricted access
Barriers to prevent vehicle / cycle access / create car park
Rangers to monitor / advise tourists
Charge admission to dunes
Designate picnic sites / ban barbecues or picnics
Litter bins [4]

Total 30 marks

2 (a) (i) Central Business District [1]
(ii) Factory [1]

(b) (i) Ideas such as:
Choose a variety of people / choose people of different age or gender
Don’t just ask people you know
Introduce yourself / explain purpose of survey
Have a system for choosing people such as every 10th person / random / have a sampling method
Accept if people don’t want to answer or fill it in / don’t argue / be polite / thank them
Don’t approach people in a big group / work in pairs / don’t work alone
Don’t block pavement / doorway
Go to different parts (of the CBD) / don’t all go to the same area [3]
(ii) 15–30 (or reasonable alternative between 30–40)
31 (or reasonable alternative) – 60
Accept reasonable ranges if not overlapping 2 @ 1 [2]
(iii) Divided bar graph completion
1 mark for dividing lines at 71 and 91
1 mark for shading [2]
(iv)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Opinion</th>
<th>Number of answers</th>
<th>Weighting</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agree strongly</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>+2</td>
<td>+62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agree</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>+1</td>
<td>+40</td>
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<tr>
<td>Disagree</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>−1</td>
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<tr>
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<td>−18</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total score</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>+64</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 mark for 4 correct scores
1 mark for correct total = 64
Must have the + and – symbols [2]

(v) Answer from b(iv) plotted accurately (ecf) [1]

(vi) Hypothesis is correct / true / mostly true – 1 mark reserve (√HA)

Table 2 / Fig. 7
Over half agreed with 3 of the 4 statements
Majority agreed that shop has brought more goods and services / attracts people to town more often / has provided more jobs
Less than half agreed / more than half or most disagreed that shop has increased competition

Credit data if added together or paired for 1 mark max
e.g. 64 agree that the store has brought more services (accept statement 1)
e.g. 31 strongly agree and 40 agree / 71 agree that shop attracts people to the town centre (accept statement 2)

Fig. 8
All statements have positive scores
People are most positive about jobs created
People are least positive about competition to other shops

Credit data for 1 mark max
e.g. score / index for brought goods and services = 63 /
shops attract people = 64 / provides jobs = 140 (accept reference to statements 1, 2, 3, 4)
average score for all 4 statements is 68.75 [4]
(c) (i) Scores may vary between students:
   Carry out pilot study
   Work in groups and discuss / agree / check score
   Calculate the average score from a group of students

   NOT: compare score with other groups

   Score may vary at different times:
   Make sure surveys are done at same time / agree a time for survey

   (ii) Bar drawn to 22

   (iii) Disagree with conclusion / students’ decision / hypothesis is false – 1 mark
        reserve (✓ HA)
        New town has a positive impact (on the environment)
        Higher EQ results or score / positive descriptions / scores over 21 are
        nearest to new shop / sites C or D
        Lower EQ results or score / negative descriptions / scores below 21
        are furthest from new shop / sites B or E

        Credit contrasting paired data of total scores for 1 mark maximum
        e.g. C scores 27 and E scores 17, D scores 30 and B scores 14,

        Points C/D are nearer the new shop and have higher scores than points B/E which are
        further away = 2 marks

        If no decision credit evidence

(d) (i) Recording sheet should include:
       Street name / location / sample point / site / survey point
       Number of pedestrians / tally label / example of tallying method (NOT blank space)
       Total number
       Time / day / date

       (ii) 2 or 3 students / group go to each survey point
       All start the count at the same time / synchronise watches
       All count for the same length of time / finish at the same time / 30 mins
       Do more than one count in a day / do it on several days or on two different days / do one
       count in the morning and one in the afternoon
       Note down / record / count people passing the point / one person counts and one person
       writes down
       Fill in the recording sheet / fill in the tally / use a clicker

       [Total 30 marks]