

## **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

COMPUTING 9691/11

Paper 1 Written Paper

May/June 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 75

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# 1 Any four from: [4]

- must have available/use an expert system shell // inference engine are developed
- gather data/knowledge from technicians/engineers (NOT just "from experts")
- the knowledge base is populated with this data
- build the rule base
- the system is tested with data that produces predictable outcomes
- a suitable input/output interface is developed

Order is not important.

## 2 (a) RAM [4]

stores data/applications/programs software/files/OS <u>currently in use</u>

### **ROM**

stores BIOS/start-up/files that cannot be altered

### Hard disk drive

- stores applications/programs software/user's files //
- stores data/user files/programs when the computer is turned off

## Optical storage device

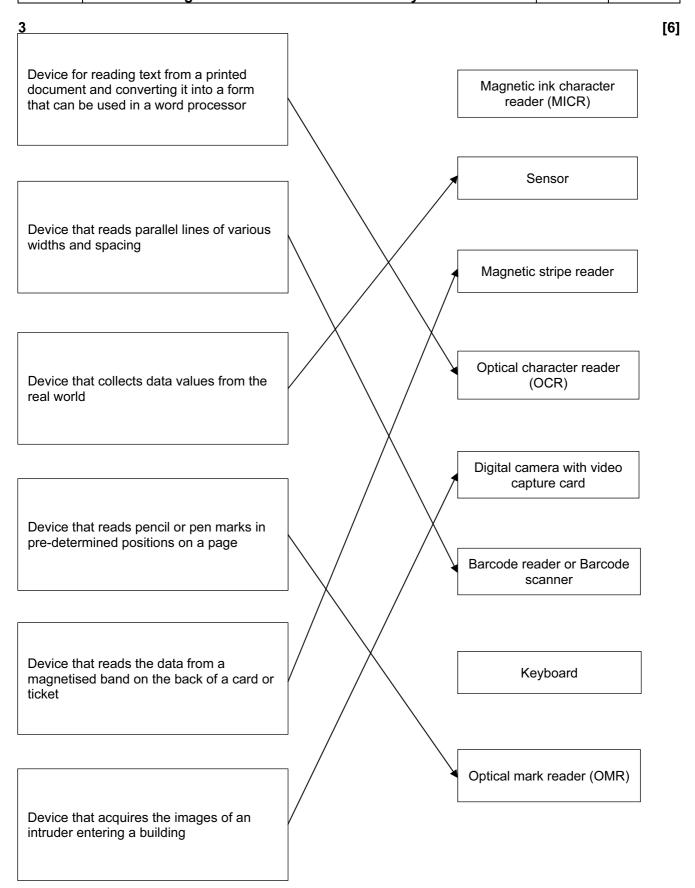
- stores data/or by example photos/music/files / software that can be transferred between computers any sensible example
- stores applications to be installed

## (b) Any four from: [4]

- lightweight/more compact
- no moving parts (so more robust)
- don't have to wait for device to "reach operating speed"/no latency time
- lower power consumption
- doesn't produce a lot of noise/heat
- much higher data access speed
- not affected by a magnetic field
- does not need to be defragmented (to maintain high data transfer rate)

Faster is not enough.

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4 [8]

Field name	Type of validation check	Example of data which would fail the validation check
IdNumber	type/character check	e.g. 31AB41CD
	length check	e.g. 1234567 or 123456789
	range check	e.g3, 813415162
	uniqueness	e.g. show two ID that are identical
HourlyRate	type/character check	e.g10.00 // \$21.00
	range check	e.g0.5, 8
DateOfBirth	format check	e.g. 1990/12/18 18th December 2002
	range check on values	e.g. 40/40/2020
PhoneNumber	length check	e.g. 0122 111 111
	type/character check	e.g. 7H542ABC
	format check	e.g. Newtown 01346 21 31 41

5 (a) (i) [2]

Type of transmission	Tick (✓)
serial	✓
parallel	

Mode of transmission	Tick (✓)
simplex	<b>✓</b>
half-duplex	
full-duplex	

(ii) [2]

Type of transmission	Tick (✓)
serial	
parallel	✓

Mode of transmission	Tick (✓)
simplex	
half-duplex	
full-duplex	✓

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(iii) [2]

Type of transmission	Tick (✓)
serial	
parallel	✓

Mode of transmission	Tick (√)
simplex	✓
half-duplex	
full-duplex	

(b) – packet switching [5]

- baseband
- protocol
- broadband // multiplexing
- circuit switching

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# 6 (a) Graphs [6]

### Benefit

- easier to understand and interpret data by the audience
- easier to show trends
- visually more interesting to the audience

### Drawback

- not as precise as the raw data
- can over-simplify the data
- some people find it hard to understand

## Video with sound

### Benefit

- video and sound can enhance any text in the presentation
- audience connect better with video/sound
- possible to have sales voice-overs describing the product
- short video can show the product in use // sample action from gameplay
- video has greater impact/catches the audience's attention

#### Drawback

- need for correct/expensive hardware and software for the presentation
- needs a lot of skill/time/effort to produce the video clips
- could be annoying for passers by

### **Animation**

### Benefit

- provides visual interest to the presentation
- grabs attention of the audience
- can reveal bullet points in a staged way (for more impact)
- can link to sound and video for more effect
- can automate the presentation so it runs on its own
- shows the product realistically

### Drawback

- can distract audience from the "facts"
- needs a lot of skill/time/effort to produce the presentation

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# (b) Desktop publishing

[4]

These MUST relate to the scenario not generic examples

- producing user booklets to accompany the games software
- producing advertising leaflets for the product

## **Spreadsheets**

- production of sales figures/graphs
- produce profit/loss graphs
- sales projections

## **Graphics packages**

- design images/characters to be used in the computer games
- design images to be used on a website to advertise the products

## **Word processor**

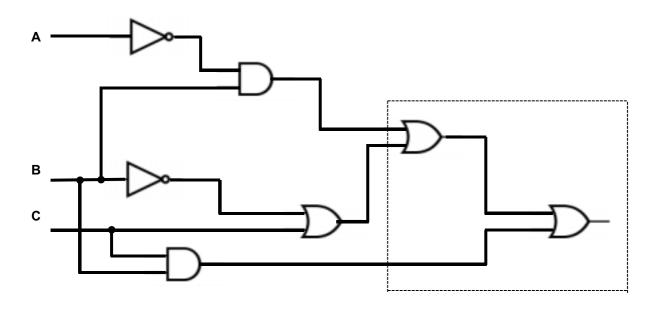
- produce the text for reports
- produce the text for use in the user guides
- produce text for advertising/on company website

7 (a) [4]

INPUTS			Workspace	OUTPUT
Α	В	С		X
0	0	0		0
0	0	1		0
0	1	0		1
0	1	1		1
1	0	0		0
1	0	1		1
1	1	0		1
1	1	1		1

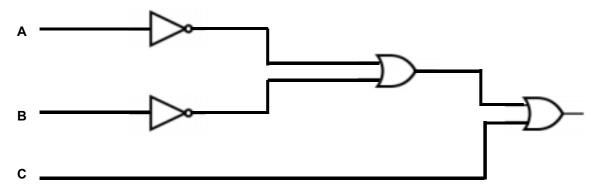
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(b) 1 mark for each correct gate – except two OR gates on the right = 1 mark (if three-input OR gate, give 1 mark but 4-input OR gate give 2 marks) [6]



## Alternative:

- 1 mark for each NOT gate
- 2 marks for each OR gate with correct inputs and outputs (in the diagram below)



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8 (a) -1 [1]

(almost any value except 1 and 2)

**(b)** Description of the algorithm (or accept an algorithm):

[2]

```
FOR Row ← 1 TO 7
    FOR Column ← 1 TO 7
        Board[Row, Column] ← -1 (or any value except 1 and 2)
        NEXT
NEXT
```

(1 mark for two **nested** loops .... or equivalent idea (e.g. description of loops) 1 mark for setting each value to −1 (or value given in (a) .... or description)

(c) Board[6, 4] = 1 [2]

Board[7, 5] = 2 ; 1 mark

ROW 1 mark

(d) Any two points from:

[2]

- keyboard to key in the x and y grid coordinates
- mouse to click on the square on the monitor
- arrow keys to position the cursor on the correct square
- touchscreen touch the square on the screen
- (e) Any three points from:

[3]

- after each turn
- each value in array checked
- using FOR **nested** loops (or equivalent)
- if 4 successive "X" or "O" in a row then output "WIN!"
- if 4 successive "X" or "O" in a column then output "WIN!" (either or both)
- if 4 successive diagonal values (e.g. [4, 4], [5, 3], [6, 2] and [7, 1]) then output "WIN!"

(allow an algorithm covering each of these points above)

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# 9 (a) touchscreen / tablet

[4]

- icons to represent items (such as bodywork, interior, engine) / menu based HCI
- good/clear instructions on how to complete order form/specifications
- easy to use navigation buttons (to go back and forward to options lists)
- use of drop down boxes with options available (e.g. paint colours)
- on screen help
- sumit button pressed

## **(b)** Any **four** points from:

[4]

- customer specification/details is/are stored on a database
- car database is compared to customer database/specifications ....
- .... Until a match is found
- matched car data will contain unique "pod" id
- computer will send signal to fork lift ....
- .... To move to required "pod"/retrieve required car
- if specification does not match up to available cars, the customer is informed